#### **BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY**

# CALENDAR YEAR 2011 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

City of Louisville Water System
Public Water Supply Name

PWS ID# 800004
List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

The Fe- confide must be	deral Safe Drink nce report (CCR) mailed to the cu	ing Water Act requires each <i>commun</i> to its customers each year. Depending stomers, published in a newspaper of lo	nity public water system to develop and distribute a consumer g on the population served by the public water system, this CCR is calcirculation, or provided to the customers upon request.		
Please 2	Answer the Follo	owing Questions Regarding the Consu	mer Confidence Report		
X	Customers were	informed of availability of CCR by: (A	ttach copy of publication, water bill or other)		
	<b>X</b> <b>X</b>	Advertisement in local paper On water bills Other			
	Date customer	rs were informed: 6 / 13/12			
	CCR was distr	ributed by mail or other direct deli	very. Specify other direct delivery methods:		
	Date Mailed/Dis	stributed: / /			
☑ CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)					
	Name of Newsp	aper: Winston County Journa	1		
	Date Published:	6 /13 / 12			
X	CCR was posted	l in public places. (Attach list of location	ons) - Louisville Utility Office		
	Date Posted: 6	/ 13/ 12			
	CCR was posted	on a publicly accessible internet site a	t the address: www		
<u>CERTI</u>	FICATION				
the forn consiste	n and manner ident nt with the wate	entified above. I further certify that t	been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State		
	1 Mh	MM	6-18-12 Date		
Name//	,	Mayor, Owner, etc.)			
	Mail Co	mpleted Form to: Bureau of Public W Phone: 60	ater Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215 1-576-7518		

# Annual Drinking Water Quality Report 12 JUN 20 AM 10: 33 City of Louisville PWS ID # 0800004 June. 2012

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of five wells that draw from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

A source water assessment has been completed for the water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination. The water supply for the City of Louisville received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Wilson Webb at 662-773-7147. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Monday of each month at Louisville Utilities office at 8:00 a.m.

The City of Louisville routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2011. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

				TEST R	ESULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contam	inants						
10. Barium	N	2010*	0.02	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
16. Fluoride	N	2010*	0.9	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Disinfecta	nts & D	isinfectio	on By-P	roducts				
Chlorine (as Cl2)	N	Jan -Dec	0.90	0.84 - 1.07	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
73. TTHM Total trihalo- methanes]	N		1.16	None	ppb	80	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample results available

#### \*\*\*\*\* A MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING\*\*\*\*

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007-December 2007. Your public water supply completed the sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has not completed the monitoring requirements. The Bureau of Public Water Supply has taken action to ensure that your water system be returned to compliance by March 31, 2013. If you have any questions, please contact Melissa Parker, Deputy Director, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601-576-7518.

#### Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The City of Louisville is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested..

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Please call our office if you have questions.

## PROOF OF PUBLICATION

### THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY WINSTON

Before the undersigned authority of said county and state personally appeared Chasatie Fisher, County of Winston, State of Mississippi, Winston County Journal, duly sworn, both depose and say that the publication of the notice hereto affixed has been made in said newspaper for \_\_/\_ consecutive week(s), to-wit:

$Vol_{1/9}$ , No. $2\psi$ , on the $13$ day of $\frac{1}{2}$	2012
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By Suson D. Adock

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Controlinari	Yelitign	Date Collected	Lend Detected	Pange of Detects or f of Samples Exceeding MCE/ACL	Unit Membronest	14000	MCL	Likely Source of Contactionarys
Inorganic	Contam	inants	77.7	Carrier St. Va.	and the last		100	UNION TARREST CONTRACTOR
10. Bactura	N	29101	0.02	No Runge	Ppn	_ 2	2	Discharge of drilling warses; discharge from motal refuseries; erosion of natural deposits
16. Filocida		2010*	9.9	No Range	pom	•	•	Erosion of natural dispession, water additive which promotes strong tents discharge from fertiliter and aluminus features.
Disinfecta	ats & D	isinfectio	m By-P	roducts				
Chilorina (es Ctaj	N.	Jan Dec	690	0.54 - 1.01	ppen	10.°	50.0	Water additive used to scotrol microbes
J. TTHU Fotal tribato- pethanesi	×	), 1,5e	1.16	None	P\$P	50	100	

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Unmany water restrict at 18-04-26-0-191. Some pooling to the new values the soling water than the general population, frammon compromed persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chromobirary, persons who have undergoine organ transplants, people with HIVMLDD or not immune, system discrete, some clarifyce, or finiste case the particularly at this from infections. These people should task active about discharge view from finiste case. The providers, PRAC Only publishes are proported to the control of the providers (PRAC OE) guidelines in appropriate means to festen the right of infection the corporaporation and other microbiological contaminates are assumbled from the Side Districting War Holling (180-418-479).

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Publish: 6/13 2012